

SME Business transfers in Flanders

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Business transfers in Flanders

Introduction

- Based on the Belgian VKBO database we have calculated that in 2014:
- There are in Flanders 78 897 micro-enterprises (< 10 employees) and SMEs (from 10 to 250 employees) older than 20 years where a CEO , business leader or Managing Director older is than 50 years
- There are in Flanders 44 553 micro-enterprises and SMEs older than 20 years with a CEO, business leader or Managing Director older than 55 years.
- In 13 434 of the 78 897 companies (17%) the CEO , business leader or Managing Director is older than **65 years**.





Business transfers in Flanders

Introduction

Assessment of the economic importance of the companies with a CEO, business leader or Managing Director older than 50 or 55 years

Table 0.1: assessment of the economic importance								
	+ 50 year	+ 55 year						
Number of companies	78.897	44.553						
Sum of net value added	13,805 billion €	8,186 billion €						
Sum of total assets	71,266 billion €	45,147 billion €						
Sum of number of employees	496.079	297.903						





Business transfers in Flanders

Who was surveyed?

a) First postal survey sent to 4100 CEOs or Business Leaders:

Table 0.2: number of useful and timely completedforms								
	Number of firms	In terms of percentage						
Micro-enterprise (< 10 employees)	259	47,6%						
SME (from 10 to 250 employees)	285	52,4%						
Total	544	100%						

b) Second (online) survey to ask some questions from the owners, sent to 380 owners and completed by 155 owners.





2. Transfer of the position of CEO or Business leader

2.1. Term and age \Box for companies with business leader, older than 50

Table 2.1. : Maintaining position as	a manager (of an undertaking
	Number of	In terms of percentage
Younger than 60 years	26	5,6%
Between 61 and 65 years	196	42,0%
Between 66 and 70 years	92	19,7%
Older than 70 years	18	3,9%
For the rest of my life	13	2,8%
Up to a certain event occurs	53	11,3%
No idea	69	14,7%
Total	467	100%





Table 2.2. : Expected term of transfer of CEO										
	Number of	In percentage of								
0-2 years	83	17,3%								
3-5 years	177	36,9%								
6-10 years	140	29,2%								
> 10 years	23	4,8%								
Unknown	57	11,9%								
Total	480	100%								





Table 2.3 : Degree of planning of transfer of leadership and the term of withdrawal											
		Dates of withdrawal of CEO:									
	0-	0-2 year 3-5 year		6-10 year		>10 year		unknown			
	N	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	
Not yet working	6	9,8%	34	22,5%	49	38%	7	33,3%	24	49%	
First steps launched	5	8,2%	19	12,6%	25	19,4%	6	28,6%	6	12,2%	
Plenty of working on it	44	72,1%	94	62,3%	53	41,1%	8	38,1%	17	34,7%	
Fully completed	6	9,8%	4	2,6%	2	1,6%	0	0%	2	4,1%	
N = 411	61	100%	151	100%	129	100%	21	100%	49	100%	





Table 2.4 : Planning of a transfer of leadership and age of business leader										
	Age of CEO:									
	50-55 year		56-60 yeat		61-65	61-65 year		an 65 year		
	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	N	%		
Not yet working	18	41,9%	63	33,3%	31	24,4%	10	17,5%		
First steps launched	10	23,3%	30	15,9%	18	14,2%	5	8,8%		
Plenty of working on it	15	34,9%	94	49,7%	73	57,5%	35	61,4%		
Fully completed	0	0%	2	1,1%	5	3,9%	7	12,3%		
N = 416	43	100%	189	100%	127	100%	57	100%		





2. Transfer of the position of CEO or Business Leader

Micro enterprises versus SMEs: transfer of leadership, within less than 5 years

Table 2.5 : Degree of planning of transfer of leadership and business size									
	Business size:								
	Micro-	enterprise	SME						
	Ν	%	Ν	%					
Not yet working	29	31,9%	11	9,1%					
First launched	13	14,3%	11	9,1%					
Plenty of working on it	46	50,5%	92	76%					
Fully completed	3	3,3%	7	5,8%					
N = 212	91	100%	121	100%					



Table 2.6 : Discussion with potential successors and term of withdrawal												
		Dates of withdrawal of CEO:										
	0-	2 year	3-5	5 year	6-10 year		>10 year		unkr	nown		
	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%		
Not discussed	14	36,8 %	38	44,7 %	44	53,7 %	7	70,0%	16	66,7 %		
Is already mentioned	10	26,3%	34	40,0 %	30	36,6 %	2	20,0%	8	33,3 %		
Discussed in detail	14	36,8 %	13	15,3 %	8	9,8%	1	10,0%	0	0%		
N = 239	38	100%	85	100%	82	100%	10	100%	24	100%		





2. Transfer of the position of CEO or Business Leader

What after the succession?

 \rightarrow 60.7% of business leaders would like to continue to perform a professional activity (advisor, PR, Board member,...)

 \rightarrow 12.7% just want more free time recording

 \rightarrow 26.6% do not know yet





3. Transfer of ownership

3.1. age - for companies with at least one shareholder, older than 50

Table 3.1. Retention of ownership of the company									
	N	In %							
Younger than 60 years	29	6,6%							
Between 61 and 65 years	126	28,5%							
Between 66 and 70 years	56	12,7%							
Older than 70 years	17	3,8%							
For the rest of my life	25	5,7%							
Up to a certain event occurs	58	13,1%							
No idea	131	29,6%							
Total	442	100%							





3. Transfer of ownership

3.2. Term More uncertainty about the dates of transfer of ownership

Table 3.2. : Expected term of a transfer of ownership of more than 50% of the shares										
	Ν	In %								
0-2 year	65	13,5%								
3-5 year	107	22,3%								
6-10 year	86	17,9%								
>10 year	27	5,6%								
unknown	195	40,6% (t.o.v. 11,9%)								
Total	480	100%								





3. Transfer of ownership

3.3. Degree of planning

Table 3.3. : Degree of preparation transfer of ownership and business size									
		Business	size:						
	Micro-ente	erprise	S	ME					
Preparation for transfer of ownership:	N	%	Ν	%					
Not yet working on it	109	46,0%	87	35,8%					
Awareness is there, but no idea how to get started	42	17,7%	34	14,0%					
Starting at short notice with the preparations	55	23,2%	73	30%					
Fully completed	31	13,1%	49	20,2%					
N = 480	237	100%	243	100%					





3. Overdracht van eigendom

Table 3.4. : Degree of preparation of transfer of ownership and term of transfer										
	Term transfer of more than 50% of the shares:									
	0-	2 year	3-5	5 year	6-2	10 year	>10 year		unknown	
Preparation of transfer of ownership:	N	%	N	%	Ν	%	Ν	%	Ν	%
Not yet working on it	5	7,9%	18	17,3%	32	37,6%	11	40,7%	119	66,5%
Awareness is there, but no idea how to get started	3	4,8%	19	18,3%	22	25,9%	7	25,9%	21	11,7%
Starting at short notice with the preparations	28	44,4%	52	50%	22	25,9%	7	25,9%	17	9,5%
Fully completed	27	42,9%	15	14,4%	9	10,6%	2	7,4%	22	12,3%
N = 458	63	100%	104	100%	85	100%	27	100%	179	100%





3. Transfer of ownership

Barriers in the planning of the transfer of ownership

Both **family reasons** (e.g., children do not match, successor not yet ready, young age of the children, equal rights for the children) and **adverse financial and market conditions** (including bad business climate, future is uncertain) are obstacles when planning a transfer of leadership and of ownership.

Financial reasons, however, are the **main obstacle** when planning a transfer of ownership. Respondents frequently refer to the high acquisition prices and the lack of resources and funding (e.g. to pay the other children, payment of inheritance tax)

Other reasons: the search of a suitable successor, to make the company ready for a transfer (e.g. fiscal restructuring, ensure profitability), lack of knowledge of the transfer process





3. Overdracht van eigendom

Intentions on business transfer

Table 3.5. : Intentions on business transfer				
N = 421	Ν	In %		
Family transfer	223	53%		
External sales	164	39%		
Liquidation	34	8%		
Total	396	100%		





3. Transfer of ownership

Breakdown by company size:

Table 3.6: transfer of ownership (family, external sales, liquidation) and business size					
	Business size:				
	Micro-enterprise		SME		
Transfer of ownership:	N	%	Ν	%	
Family transfer	96	49,2%	131	63,3%	
External sales	69	35,4%	72	34,8%	
Liquidation	30	15,4%	4	1,9%	
N = 402	195	100%	207	100%	





3. Transfer of ownership

A lot of family businesses think of an external sale.

Main motive for an external sale:

I want to obtain the financial return of my many years of commitment by selling the company (57.5%);

Other motives:

- Children/family are not motivated to take over the company (32.5%);
- Children/family can not accept for the sake of the high company cost (17.5%);
- I don't want to transfer the company to the children/family (17.5%);
- The children/family cannot take over the company due to lack of capacities (12.5%).





3. Transfer of ownership

-40% of the companies find it difficult to find a suitable buyer/successor. We found also that 71,5% of the companies that consider an external sale found it difficult to find a buyer/successor.

-It's hard to bring together seekers and providers of a corporate transfer. Less than 10% of respondents do know the existence of 'Matching platforms'.

About one-fifth of the companies that plan an external sale in the future, consider using one of the existing **'matching platforms** ".

- About one-fifth of the companies has no idea of the value of their company

management son

4. Level of information collection on business transfer

We provided a list of 11 information sources that companies can use or consult.

About 60% of the companies say to have consulted no information source or at most 2 different sources of information.





Finding 1: The problem of business transfers is potentially present in a large group of companies.

Finding 2: A lot of companies that plan a transfer of leadership or ownership within a period of 5 years do have too little planning and preparation of the transfer

Finding 3: Many companies expect difficulties with the financial aspects of the business transfer

Finding 4: 53% of businesses think of a family succession, while 39% of companies in an external sale of the shares is considered.

Finding 5: 15% of the micro enterprises remember to liquidate over 2% of the larger SMEs.

Finding 6: It is difficult for many companies to find a buyer

Finding 7: Many entrepreneurs make too little use of existing information and advisory opportunities





Finding 1: The problem of business transfers is potentially present in a large group of companies.

Business transfer is a complex process, involving both emotional and practical challenges that need to be addressed.

The multitude of attention points requires that a transfer is prepared on time. Companies with a business leader older than 50 or 55 years will shortly face a transfer.

On the basis of data of the Belgian VKBO database, there are 78897 SMEs in Flanders (older than 20 years) where a business leader or Managing Director works which is over 50 year old and 44553 SMEs with Business Leader or Managing Director older than 55 year.





Finding 2: A lot of companies that plan a transfer of leadership or ownership within a period of 5 years do have too little planning and preparation of the transfer

We found that 46% of micro-enterprises were not concerned with the planning of a transfer of leadership or had taken only a first step, whereas in 64% of the micro enterprises no actions were taken with respect to planning of a transfer of ownership or one does not well know how to get started.

In the companies where a transfer within a period of 5 years is expected, we found that 1 in 3 businesses is still not doing some planning of transfer of leadership or ownership or they have taken only a first step.





Finding 3: Many companies expect difficulties with the financial aspects of the business transfer

Financial reasons turn out to be the main obstacle when planning a transfer of ownership.

The firms referred frequently to the high acquisition prices that must be paid and to the lack of money (financing) (e.g. other children that must be paid or to pay succession taxes).





Finding 4: 53% of businesses think of a family succession, while 39% of companies in an external sale of the shares is considered.

Quite a few family business leaders think to execute an external sales.

In addition to family reasons , nearly 6 in 10 owners cited that they want to be rewarded by an external sale for their many years of commitment.





Finding 5: 15% of the micro enterprises remember to liquidate over 2% of the larger SMEs.

We found that especially the micro-enterprises with at most 2 employees and companies from the service sector and construction industry who think about liquidation.

It is possible that the owner-manager attached to liquidate the business do not have children or that they find it difficult to pass to a successor their specific knowledge and professional experience.





Finding 6: it is difficult for many companies to find a suitable buyer

Nearly 4 in 10 companies indicate that it is difficult to find a suitable buyer. It is difficult to bring seekers and providers of a transfer into contact with each other.

71% of the companies which consider an external sales indicate that it is difficult to find a buyer.

Not to find a suitable buyer in time can also cause that one thinks of liquidation.





Finding 7: Many entrepreneurs make too little use of existing information and advisory opportunities

Almost six out of ten companies state that the consulted no or at most 2 information sources.

Even 2 out of 3 companies with a business leader older than 65 years indicate no information or advisory resources.

However 60% of the companies state that the consulted information and advisory capabilities were very useful.

Since almost 16% of companies indicate not good to know how to start the planningprocess of the transfer of ownership, it is good that they will register on time to get informed and advised about the various aspects of the transfer process.



